



Science Day

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Current State of Affairs - Briefly

- Continued working on ARDS dataset until recently.
- Given the COVID-19 situation:
 - Currently shifted towards a broad spectrum of influenza patients.
 - Attempts to extract relevant features from the dataset.
 - The approaches being tested will be applied to COVID-19 data.



Dataset Description

- First dataset comprises baseline values of clinical data.
 - 17906 patients.
 - A separate file lists comorbidities of these patients.
 - Patients belong to 5 different cohorts.
- Second dataset lists min, mean, max, median, and std values for several features of 16794 patients 8 hours after admission.

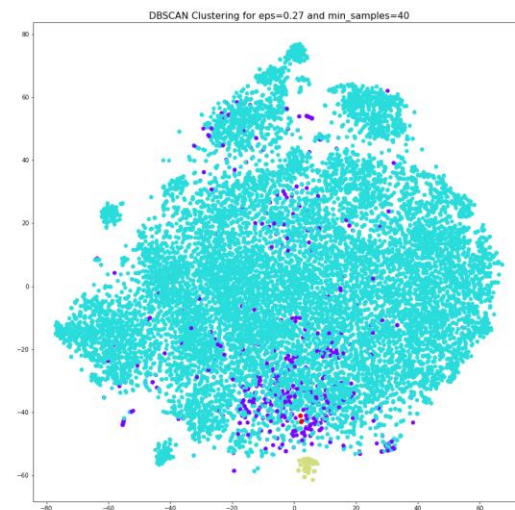
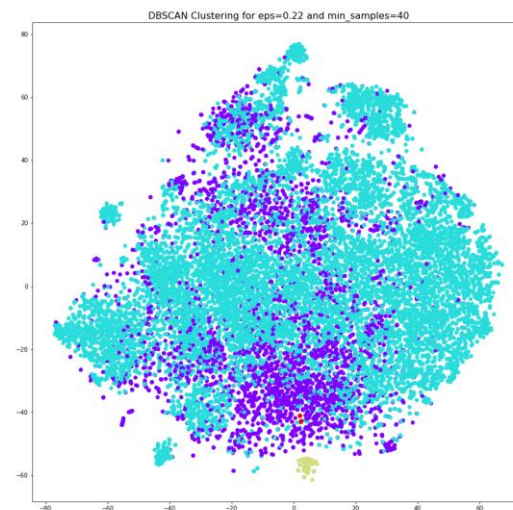
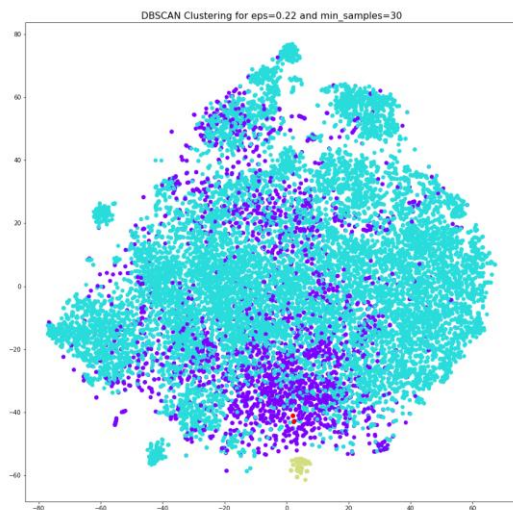
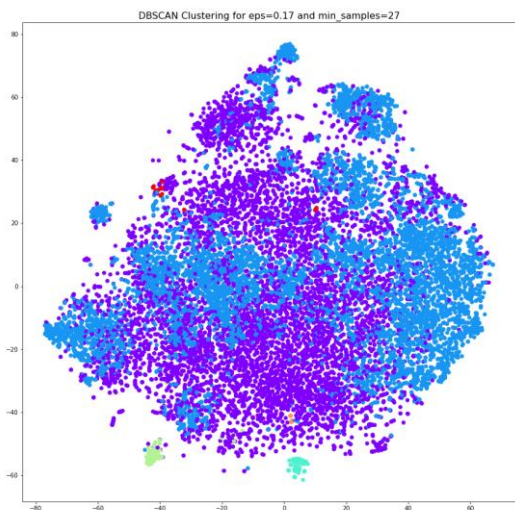
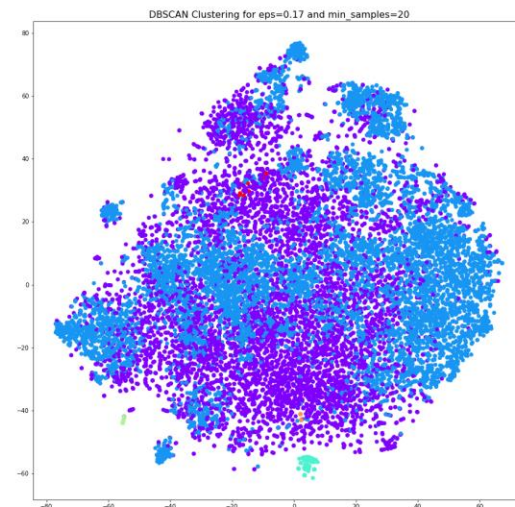
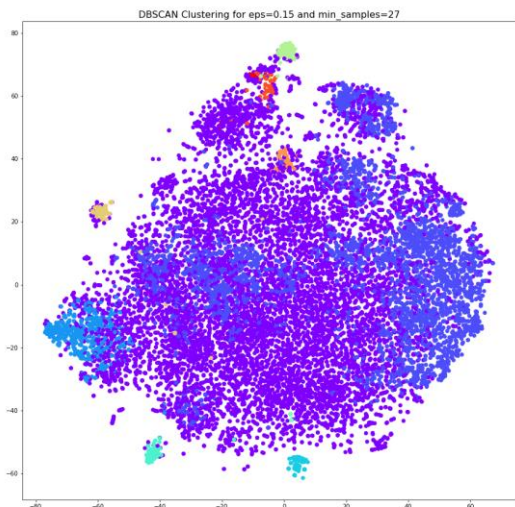


Approach

- Reduce number of features by removing components with more than 20% missing values:
 - Baseline dataset: 35 -> 24 features.
 - 8-hours dataset: 305 -> 70 features.
- Scale and apply PCA:
 - Baseline dataset: 24 -> 17 features.
 - 8-hours dataset: 70 -> 20 features.
- Find the best parameter combination for DBSCAN clustering.



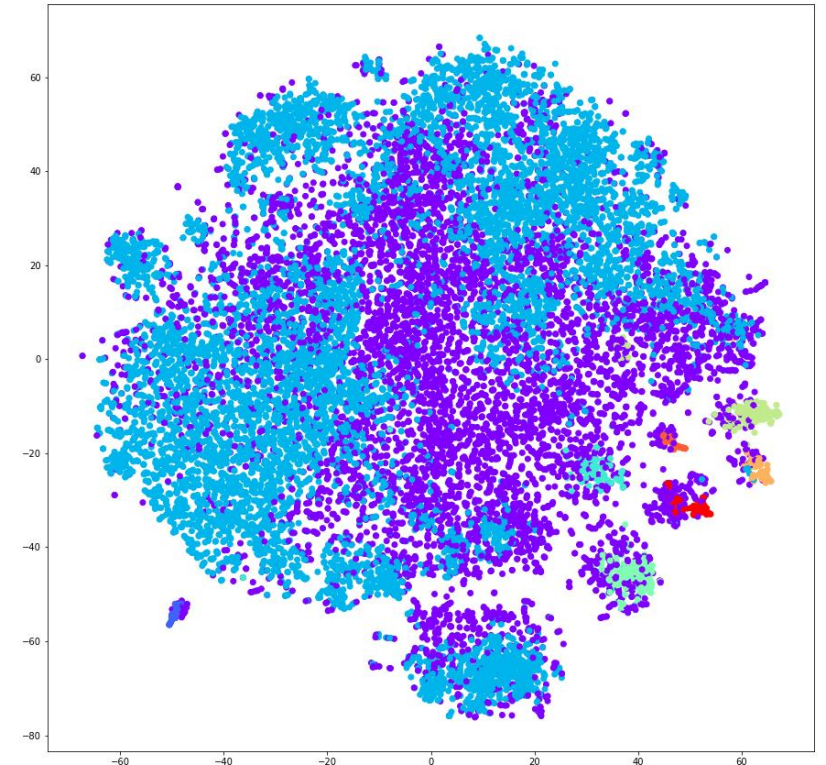
Parameter selection in DBSCAN





Clustering and Correlation Analysis

- Selected one potential combination of parameters that produces an acceptable number of clusters, without too many points being considered as noise.
- Analysed correlation between clusters and the features, the cohorts, and the comorbidities.





Next Steps

- Select the best parameters for clustering the 8-hours data and attempt correlation analysis.
- Compare clustering and correlation results with other methods.
- Suggestions from colleagues.